

Basic Climatological Station Metadata

Current status

Metadata compiled: 27 JUL 2020

Station: LUCINDA POINT

Bureau of Meteorology station number: 032141

Bureau of Meteorology district name: Herbert North Coast

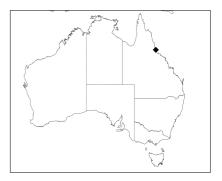
State: QLD

World Meteorological Organization number: 94295

Network Classification: Station purpose: Synoptic

Identification: YLDA

Automatic Weather Station: Almos



		Current Station Loca	ition					
Latitude Decimal -18.5203 Hour Min Sec 18°31'13"S								
Longitude	Decimal	146.3861	Hour Min Sec	146°23'10"E				
Station Height	10 m	Barometer Height	10 m					
Method of station	n geographi	GPS						

Year opened: 1980 **Status:** Open

Station summary

No summary for this site has been written as yet.	



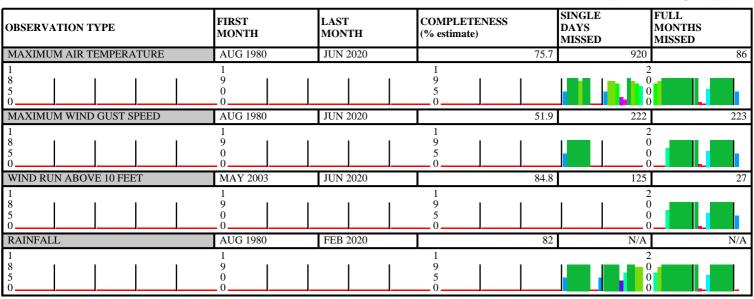
Basic Climatological Station Metadata Current status

Station:	tion: LUCINDA POINT			Location:	LUCIND.	A POINT		State:	QLD
Bureau No.:	032141	WMO No.:	94295	Aviation ID:	YLDA Opened: 01 Jan 1980			Current Status:	Still open
Latitude:	-18.5203	Longitude:	146.3861	Elevation:	10 m	Barometer Elev:	10 m	Metadata compiled:	27 JUL 2020

Observation summary

The table below indicates the approximate completeness of the record for individual element types within the Australian Data Archive for Meteorology. For elements not listed see the note below.

Completeness **DAILY DATA HOLDINGS** 0% 100%



HOURLY DATA HOLDINGS - from 1 to 24 observations per day

OBSERVATION TYPE	FIRST MONTH	LAST MONTH	COMPLETENESS (% estimate)	FREQUENCY average daily	SINGLE DAYS MISSED	FULL MONTHS MISSED
AIR TEMPERATURE	JUL 1980	JUN 2020	75.8	10.8	325	96
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0		2 0 0 0	
DEW POINT	MAR 1988	JUN 2020	44.0	12.8	834	188
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0		2 0 0	
MEAN SEA LEVEL PRESSURE	JUL 1980	JUN 2020	66.9	11.1	507	135
8 5 0	9 0 0		5 0			
SEA STATE	MAY 1988	APR 1995	.5	1.0	351	72
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0		2 0 0 0	
TOTAL CLOUD AMOUNT	MAY 1988	MAY 1995	1.5	1.3		69
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0		$\begin{array}{c} 2\\0\\0\\0\\0\end{array}$	
WIND SPEED	JUL 1980	JUN 2020	74.8	10.7	482	96
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0		2000	



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THERE ARE NO RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA HOLDINGS

ONE-MINUTE DATA HOLDINGS

OBSERVATION TYPE	FIRST MONTH	LAST MONTH		ERECHENCY	SINGLE DAYS MISSED	FULL MONTHS MISSED
ALL ELEMENTS	JUN 2013	JUL 2020	99.7	1436.1	N/A	0

HALF-HOURLY DATA HOLDINGS

OBSERVATION TYPE	FIRST MONTH			FREQUENCY average daily	DAYS	FULL MONTHS MISSED
ALL ELEMENTS	OCT 1996	JUL 2020	67.5	32.4	N/A	27

THERE ARE NO UPPER-AIR EDT DATA HOLDINGS

Holdings calculated up to 01 Jul 2020

The % complete figure is the completeness of observations averaged over all months of record, for the given station and observation type, taking gaps into account. For hourly holdings, the completeness is relative to the maximum number of daily observations for the site each month, and is therefore an estimate. For daily holdings, the completeness figure shown is exact.

The single days missed figure is the total number of days for which no observation was received, not including full missed months. The full months missed figure is the total of full month gaps over the period of record. Where an element is not included assumptions can generally be made about availability, and the list to use has been suggested below.

Unlisted element

Minimum air temperature

Wet bulb temperature

Soil temperature at 20, 50 & 100cm

Relative humidity

Minimum temp. of water in evaporimeter

Visual observations eg. weather, visibility

Sea related observations

Listed element to use

Maximum air temperature

Dew point

10cm soil temperature

Dew point

Evaporimeter - max water temp

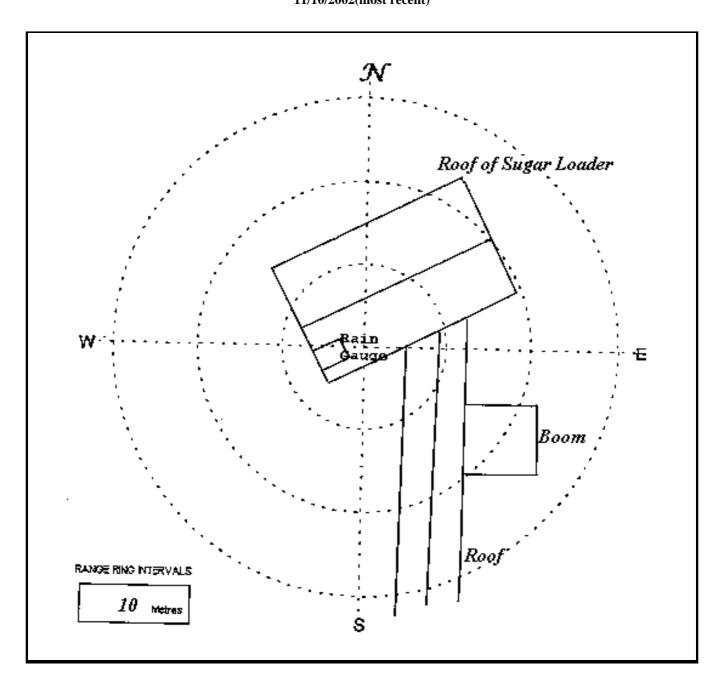
Total cloud amount

Sea state



Sta	Station: LUCINDA POINT			Location:	Location: LUCINDA POINT				QLD	
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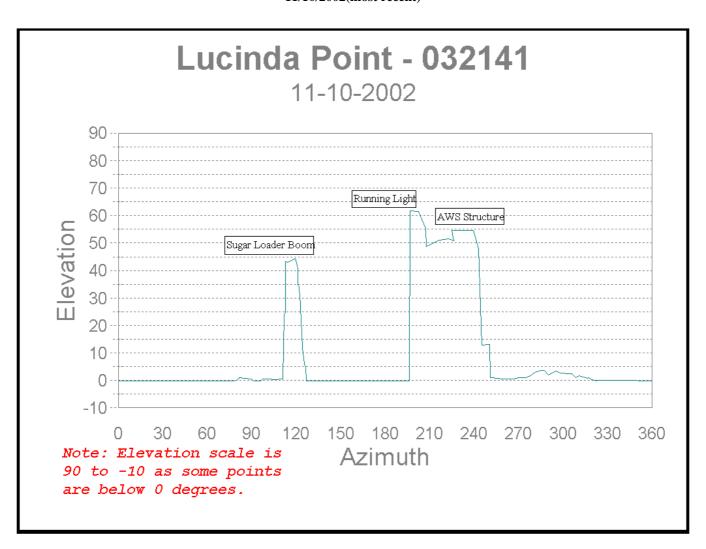
Instrument Location and Surrounding Features 11/10/2002(most recent)





Station:	tion: LUCINDA POINT			Location:	LUCIND.	A POINT		State:	QLD
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Skyline Diagram 11/10/2002(most recent)





Station:	Station: LUCINDA POINT			Location:	LUCIND	A POINT	State:	QLD	
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Station Observation Program Summary (Surface Observations) from 01/06/1980 to 03/06/2013

Current Observation	Continuous	Half Hourly	Hourly
Surface Observations	-	-	Y

Current Observation	Program Type	12 AM	3 AM	6 AM	9 AM	12 PM	3 PM	6 AM	9 AM
Surface Observation	PERFORMED	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Surface Observation	REPORTED	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Surface Observation	SEASONAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Station Observation Program Summary (Surface Observations) 27 JUL 2020 (most recent)

Current Observation	Continuous	Half Hourly	Hourly
Surface Observations	Y	Y	Y

Current Observation	Program Type	12 AM	3 AM	6 AM	9 AM	12 PM	3 PM	6 AM	9 AM
Surface Observation	PERFORMED	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Surface Observation	REPORTED	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Surface Observation	SEASONAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Station:	LUCINDA PO	DINT		Location:	LUCIND	A POINT		State:	QLD
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Station Equipment History

Equipment Install/Remove

Cloud Height (No Electronic History)

River Height (No Electronic History)

Wind Run (No Electronic History)

Spectral Radiation (No Electronic History)

Sea Surface Temperature (No Electronic History)

Sea Water Temperature (No Electronic History)

Evaporation (No Electronic History)

Minimum Temperature (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 50cm (No Electronic History)

Sub Surface Temperature (No Electronic History)

Electrical Conductivity (No Electronic History)

Maximum Temperature (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 20cm (No Electronic History)

Solar Radiation (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 5cm (No Electronic History)

Oxygen Content (No Electronic History)

Sea Water Level (No Electronic History)

Surface Inclination (No Electronic History)

Terrestial Minimum Temperature (No Electronic History)

Visibility (No Electronic History)

Solar Radiation (Direct) (No Electronic History)

Magnetic Bearing (No Electronic History)

Wind Direction

03/JUN/2013	INSTALL Anemo	meter (Type Synchro	otac Cups - Type	e 732 S/N - 88719) Surface Observations

23/FEB/2000 INSTALL Anemometer (Type Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - WS=64198) Surface Observations

23/FEB/2000 INSTALL Mast Anemometer (Type Pipe, UnGuyed S/N - NONE) Infrastructure

20/AUG/2008 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - 72855) Surface Observations

03/JUN/2013 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - D605) Surface Observations

04/MAY/2005 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - WS:78266-WD:NONE) Surface Observations

06/FEB/2002 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - WS=81269..WD=81260) Surface Observations

Air Temperature

23/FEB/2000 INSTALL Humidity Probe (Type Rotronics S/N - 13606008) Surface Observations

18/JUL/2001 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Rotronics S/N - 13606008) Surface Observations

05/OCT/2000 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Rotronics S/N - 521800/39) Surface Observations

15/MAY/2015 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Vaisala HMP45D S/N - X4230003) Surface Observations

01/JUN/2006 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Vaisala HMP45D S/N - X4230006) Surface Observations

01/JUN/1980 INSTALL Temperature Probe - Dry Bulb (Type Rosemount S/N - NONE) Surface Observations

01/JUN/2006 REPLACE Temperature Probe - Dry Bulb (Now Rosemount ST2401 S/N - 338) Surface Observations

15/MAY/2015 REPLACE Temperature Probe - Dry Bulb (Now Temp Control TCBMP01 S/N - 10067) Surface Observations

Wet Bulb Temperature (No Electronic History)

Lightning (No Electronic History)

Turbidity (No Electronic History)

Total Column Ozone Amount (No Electronic History)



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Station Equipment History (continued)

Equipment Install/Remove(Continued)

Pressure

20/JUN/1996 INSTALL Barometer (Type Vaisala DPA25 S/N - 286768) Surface Observations 23/FEB/2000 REPLACE Barometer (Now Vaisala PA11A S/N - 561183) Surface Observations

05/OCT/1998 REPLACE Barometer (Now Vaisala PA11A S/N - T1440002) Surface Observations

03/JUN/2013 REPLACE Barometer (Now Vaisala PTB220B S/N - C1550024) Surface Observations

Humidity

23/FEB/2000 INSTALL Humidity Probe (Type Rotronics S/N - 13606008) Surface Observations 18/JUL/2001 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Rotronics S/N - 13606008) Surface Observations 05/OCT/2000 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Rotronics S/N - 521800/39) Surface Observations

15/MAY/2015 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Vaisala HMP45D S/N - X4230003) Surface Observations

01/JUN/2006 REPLACE Humidity Probe (Now Vaisala HMP45D S/N - X4230006) Surface Observations

Sunshine Hours (No Electronic History)

Pressure Trend (No Electronic History)

Snow Height (No Electronic History)

Wind Speed

03/JUN/2013 INSTALL Anemometer (Type Synchrotac Cups - Type 732 S/N - 88719) Surface Observations

23/FEB/2000 INSTALL Anemometer (Type Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - WS=64198) Surface Observations

23/FEB/2000 INSTALL Mast Anemometer (Type Pipe, UnGuyed S/N - NONE) Infrastructure

20/AUG/2008 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - 72855) Surface Observations

03/JUN/2013 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - D605) Surface Observations

04/MAY/2005 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - WS:78266-WD:NONE) Surface Observations

06/FEB/2002 REPLACE Anemometer (Now Synchrotac Vane - Type 706 S/N - WS=81269..WD=81260) Surface Observations

Rainfall

01/JUN/1980 INSTALL Raingauge (Type Rimco 7499 TBRG S/N - 101773) Surface Observations

27/MAY/2010 REPLACE Raingauge (Now Rimco 7499 TBRG S/N - 1003) Surface Observations

20/MAY/2004 REPLACE Raingauge (Now Rimco 7499 TBRG S/N - 486) Surface Observations

09/OCT/2000 REPLACE Raingauge (Now Rimco TBRG (type unspecified) S/N - 985132) Surface Observations

Soil Temperature 100cm (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 10cm (No Electronic History)

Solar Radiation (Long Wave) (No Electronic History)

RF Reflectivity (No Electronic History)

The following table summarises information on field performance checks available electronically over the period indicated. The number of instances an instrument was found to fail field performance checks should only be used as a guide. A system of data quality flags is implemented by the Bureau of Meteorology to indicate the data quality of an observation as determined by a mutli-stage quality control process.

Available Date Range	Element	Fail Field Performance Check
25/FEB/2000 - 03/MAY/2018	Wind Direction	6
25/FEB/2000 - 03/MAY/2018	Air Temperature	9
25/FEB/2000 - 03/MAY/2018	Pressure	1
25/FEB/2000 - 03/MAY/2018	Humidity	7
25/FEB/2000 - 03/MAY/2018	Wind Speed	6



Station Detail Changes

Extended Climatological Station Metadata All History

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Station Equipment History (continued)

Available Date Range	Element	Fail Field Performance Check
25/FEB/2000 - 13/APR/2016	Rainfall	7

Station Deta	an Changes
01/JUN/1980	CLASSIFICATION Basic & Severe (FBS)
10/JAN/2011	CLASSIFICATION Critical (ASOSCRIT)
01/JUL/2017	CLASSIFICATION Observing Operations Hub - Cairns (OOH-C)
21/MAR/2016	CLASSIFICATION Processed by ASOS (PBA)
01/JUL/2017	CLASSIFICATION SLS Flood forecasting priority â€' Low (FWP-L)
11/OCT/2002	OBJECT Document/SKYLINE DATA
01/JAN/1980	STATION - (nondb seeding) Opened
01/JAN/1980	STATION - (nondb seeding) bar_ht Changed to 10
01/JAN/1980	STATION - (nondb seeding) bar_ht_deriv Changed to MAP 1:250 000
01/JAN/1980	STATION - (nondb seeding) name Changed to LUCINDA POINT
01/JAN/1980	STATION - (nondb seeding) stn_ht Changed to 10
01/JAN/1980	STATION - (nondb seeding) stn_ht_deriv Changed to MAP 1:250 000
01/JAN/1980	STATION - (nondb seeding) wmo_num Changed to 94295
28/FEB/2011	STATION Closed
03/JUN/2013	STATION Opened
31/OCT/1997	STATION aviation_id Changed to YLDA
01/JAN/1980	STATION latitude Changed to -18.5203GPS taken by M.Steel (6/2/02) due to doubt over accuracy of original reading_mmQROS
01/IAN/1980	STATION latlon_deriv Changed to GPS
01/JAN/1980	STATION longitude Changed to 146.3861GPS taken by M.Steel (6/2/02) due to doubt over accuracy of
01/0111 (/ 1) 00	original reading_mmQROS
28/SEP/2001	STATION lu_0_100m Changed to Coastal or Island
28/SEP/2001	STATION lu_100m_1km Changed to Coastal or Island
28/SEP/2001	STATION lu_1km_10km Changed to Small town < 1000 population

System Changes

28/SEP/2001

28/SEP/2001

23/FEB/2000 SYSTEM Infrastructure Commenced

01/JUN/1980 SYSTEM Surface Observations Commenced

STATION soil_type Changed to unable to determine

STATION surface_type Changed to concrete



The following notes have been compiled to assist with interpreting the metadata provided in this document. These notes are subject to change as the network evolves. Changes in station-specific metadata occur more frequently, both as recent changes are recorded and historical information is transferred from paper file to electronic database.

Reliability of the metadata

The Commonwealth Bureau of Meteorology maintains information on more than 20,000 stations which have operated since observations began in the mid 1800s. The amount of information available for each of these sites and its associated uncertainty are influenced by a number of factors including the type and purpose of the station and the time over which it operated.

Early information about stations was held only on paper file. In 1998 a corporate electronic database was established to help maintain information about the network and its components. The number of parameters recorded about a station is now much greater than before this database was established. The national database has also helped improve consistency in the metadata through the implementation of predefined fields. As a result, and through the refinement of operating procedures, station metadata recorded since 1998 are of a higher overall standard than previously, although occasional omissions and errors are still possible.

The Bureau is part way through a task of entering historical information held on paper file into the corporate database. Until this process is completed there will remain large gaps in the information contained in these metadata documents and considerable caution should be used when deriving conclusions from the metadata. As an example, two consecutive entries about a rain gauge dated 50 years apart may appear in the equipment metadata. This may either mean that nothing happened to that instrument over the 50 years, or that information for the intervening period has yet to be entered into the database. Similarly, if no information was available about instruments at a site when it was first established, fields which were required to have a value present may have used the earliest information available as a best-guess estimate. Sometimes this was the metadata current when the database was established in 1998. In some instances there may be gaps in metadata relevant to the post 1998 period.

For the above reasons it is recommended that all metadata prior to 1998 be considered as indicative only, and used with caution, unless it has been quality controlled. The Bureau of Meteorology should be contacted if further information or confirmation of the data is required. Depending on the nature of the inquiry there may be a fee associated with this request. Contact details are provided in the telephone book for each capital city or the Bureau's web site at: http://www.bom.gov.au

The following pages contain explanatory notes for selected terms found in this document.

Station Number

The Bureau of Meteorology station number uniquely specifies a station and is not intended to change over time time, although on very rare occasions a station number may change or be deleted from the record (usually to correct an error). Generally a new station number is established if an existing station changes in a way that would affect the climate data record for that site (measured in terms of air temperature and precipitation). Significant station moves are an example of this.

Some stations also possess a World Meteorological Organization (WMO) station number. The WMO number is different to the Bureau of Meteorology number. It also uniquely specifies a station at any given time but can be reassigned to another station if the new station takes priority in the global reporting network. Only selected stations will have a WMO number. Significant stations may maintain their WMO number for many decades.



Network Classification

SUPPORTING the BASIC CLIMATE SERVICE
Global Climate Observing System (GCOS)
GCOS Upper Air Network (GUAN)
GCOS Surface Network (GSN)
National Climate Network {not yet assigned}
Reference Climate Stations (RCS)
Regional Basic Climatological Network (RBCN)
CLIMAT Stations (CLC)
CLIMAT TEMP Stations (CLT)
SUPPORTING the NATIONAL WEATHER WATCH SYSTEM
WMO Global Observing System (GOS)
GOS Upper Air Network
GOS Satellite Network
Global Atmospheric Watch
Background Atmospheric Pollution Monitoring Network (BAPMON)
Basic Ozone Network
Basic Solar and Terrestrial Radiation Network
Regional Basic Synoptic Network (RBSN)
WMO Global Oceanic Observing System (GOOS)
SUPPORTING the BASIC WEATHER SERVICE (BWS)
BWS Land Network
Significant Land Locations
Capital City Mesonets
National Benchmark Network for Agrometeorology (NBNA)
BWS Marine Network
Significant Coastal Loactions
Open Ocean Network
BWS Upper Air Network
Major Significant Locations
BWS Remote Sensing Network
Weather Watch Radar Network
Fire Weather Wind Mesonets
High Resolution Satellite
SUPPORTING the BASIC HYDROLOGICAL SERVICE
Regional Flood Warning Network
Water Resources Assessment Network
Global Hydrological Network
Global Terrestrial Observing System (GTOS)
World Hydrological Cycle Observing System (WHYCOS)
National Hydrological Network

Networks of stations are defined for a variety of purposes (as defined in above table).



Network Classification Continued....

Stations may be included in several different networks, which may change over time. The table on the previous page lists current network classifications related to the scientific purpose of the network. Some of these networks - the GCOS network for instance - are components of a global network. Entries in the database for some networks may not be complete, thus not properly representing the status of the network. The composition of the network will usually change over time. While several of the networks have international significance, other network classifications have been developed to aid operational management.

Station Purpose

The station purpose can be classified according to the observation program listed below. Parameters in brackets list some of the various different configurations which occur.

- Synoptic [Seasonal, River Height, Climatological, Telegraphic Rain, Aeronautical, Upper Air]
- Climatological [Seasonal, Telegraphic Rain]
- Aeronautical
- Rainfall [River Height]
- River Height
- Telegraphic Rain [Non-Telegraphic River Height, Telegraphic River Height]
- Non-Telegraphic Rain [Telegraphic River Height]
- Evaporation [Rainfall, River Height, Telegraphic River Height, Non-Telegraphic River Height, Telegraphic Rain, Non-Telegraphic Rain]
- Pluviograph [Rainfall, Telegraphic Rain, Non-Telegraphic Rain, River Height, Telegraphic River Height, Non-Telegraphic River Height]
- Radiation
- Lightning Flash Counter
- Public Information
- Local Conditions
- Radar Site
- · Unclassified
- No Routine Observations

Note: Telegraphic observations are those which are sent by some electronic means be it a phone or telegram to the responsible Bureau office. It is a term which is historically linked to analogue non automatic data transmission.

Station Observation Program Summary

Surface Observations

The following terms are used to describe the frequency of surface observations at a site. Historical observation programs will typically be missing for many sites until the database is backfilled with information.

Set a)

- Continuous Program
 - · More than half hourly observations sent (eg an automatic weather station {AWS} which continuously transmits 10 minute observations). This will automatically include half hourly and hourly observations programs.
- Half hourly observations
 - · Half hourly observations sent. This will automatically include hourly observations.
- Hourly observations
 - · Hourly observations sent only. Stations report on non-synoptic hours (ie. 0100, 0200, 0400, 0500, etc)



Surface observations continued....

Set b)

- Performed
 - · Observations performed, instruments read and observations recorded
- Reported
 - · Observations performed, instruments read and reported real time
- Seasonal
 - The program may only be performed during a defined season (such as Fire Weather observations) or the routine program may increase in reporting frequency and/or parameters. The program dates are currently modified at the start and end of each season for stations performing seasonal observations. Historically this was not always the case.

Current Station Equipment Summary

Equipment listed in this metadata product is catalogued under one of systems listed below, appropriate to its application. The "Infrastructure" category has been included since it contains information about the mast height of an anemometer (if present).

- Flood Warning
- Infrastructure
- Radiation
- · Rainfall Intensity
- Surface Observations
- Upper Air
- Weather Watch {RADAR}

Station Equipment History

Equipment Install/Remove

One of four types of actions can be performed on an instrument in this listing:

Install - A new instrument is installed at the site. This can be either a completely new addition (eg the first barometer at the site), or the replacement of an existing instrument with a different type (eg replacing mercury barometer with electronic barometer)

Remove - An instrument can be removed either when it is no longer necessary to measure a particular element, or when the element is to be measured by an instrument of a different type (see under "Install" above)

Replace - This occurs when one instrument is replaced with another of the same type (eg Kew pattern mercury barometer replacing another Kew pattern mercury barometer)

Share - The same instrument is used for observations under two (or more) systems (eg a rain gauge may be used within both Surface Observations and Rainfall Intensity systems)

Unshare - The instrument is no longer shared between systems



Calibration

During a site inspection an instrument will be calibrated as either being within or not within the specified tolerance in accuracy.

Where a quantative calibration result can be achieved by comparison to a transfer standard (eg barometer comparisons and tipping bucket rain gauge calibrations), the instrument will be recorded as being within or outside the required tolerance. Instruments (such as 203mm rain gauges, screens and evaporation pans) where quantitative calibrations cannot be derived should be regarded as meeting specifications when the instrument is in 'good working order'.

This product provides a summary table of the number of times an instrument was found to be out of calibration

Station Detail Changes

This set of metadata indicates when some aspect of the general information about a station has changed.

- STATION

Metadata which are categorised as pertaining to STATION are items of (textual) information describing a specific attribute of the station. A reference to (nondB seeding) indicates initial information of this field has been sourced from a previous database.

Station position

- Latitude and longitude

Derivation of station latitude and longitude, defined by the location of the rain gauge when it is present, has changed over time. Current practice is to locate or verify open and operational station latitude and longitude based on Global Positioning System equipment. Methods used to locate a station as described in this product (latlon_deriv) are as follows: GPS, MAP 1:10000, MAP 1:2500, MAP 1:25000, MAP 1:50000, MAP 1:100000, MAP 1:250000, SURVEY, and Unknown (which is more commonly represented by a null value). The field latlon_error should be used with caution as the method of determining this value has been interpreted in different ways over time.

- Height

Determination of heights for observing sites is by survey where possible. Otherwise height may be determined using a Digital Aneroid Barometer and a known surveyed point, or derived from map contours. The source of height is provided in the corresponding parameter with a suffix of "_deriv".

Heights which may appear in these metadata are:

- aero_ht
 - The official elevation of the aerodrome which normally corresponds to the altitude of the highest threshold of the runways at that airport;
- bar ht
 - this represents the height of the mercury barometer cistern or the digital aneroid barometer above mean sea level (MSL);
- stn_ht
 - this normally represents the height of the rain gauge above MSL



- Land Use

To assist the long term understanding of climate change it is important to be able to determine the differences over time which are attributed to variations in the climate. Since land use has an effect on the micro climate around the site, and changes in land use will therefore affect the climate record, it is important that the characteristics of the site are monitored. Soil types are recorded as they affect the land use and also add to the knowledge of the site details.

Defined Land use Types.

- Non-vegetated (barren, desert)
- Coastal or Island
- Forest
- Open farmland, grassland or tundra
- Small town, less than 1000 population
- Town 1000 to 10,000 population
- City area with buildings less than 10 metres (3 stories)
- City area with buildings greater than 10 metres (3 stories)
- Airport

The land use code is entered on the station inspection form in the ranges 0 to 100 m, 100 to 1 km and 1km to 10 km; ie:

• lu 0 100m: Land Use 0 to 100 metres from the enclosure

lu_100m_1km: Land Use 100 metres to 1 kilometre
 lu 1km 10km: Land Use 1 kilometre to 10 kilometres

Defined Soil Type (At Enclosure).

- unable to determine
- sand
- · black soil
- clav
- rock
- · red soil
- other

Surface Type (At Enclosure).

- unable to determine
- fully covered by grass
- mostly covered by grass
- partly covered by grass
- · bare ground
- sand
- concrete
- asphalt
- rock
- other