

Basic Climatological Station Metadata

Current status

Metadata compiled: 27 JUL 2025

Station: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)

Bureau of Meteorology station number: 056242

Bureau of Meteorology district name: Northern Tablelands (W)

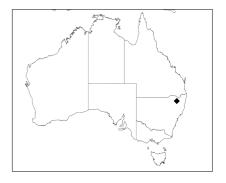
State: NSW

World Meteorological Organization number: 95541

Identification: NO ID

Network Classification: CLIMAT Stations, GCOS Surface Network

Station purpose: Synoptic **Automatic Weather Station:**



	Current Station Location										
Latitude	Decimal	-29.7796	Hour Min Sec	29°46'47"S							
Longitude	Decimal	151.1121	Hour Min Sec	151°6'44"E							
Station Height	582 m	Barometer Height	635.6 m								
Method of station	n geographi	GPS									

Year opened: 1995 **Status:** Open

Station summary

No summary for this site has been written as yet.	



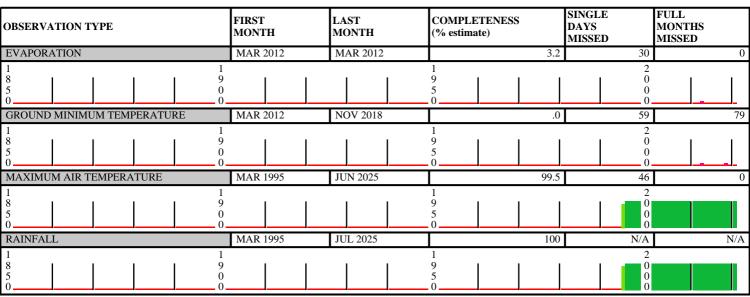
Basic Climatological Station Metadata Current status

Station:	on: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			Location:	INVERE	LL (RAGLAN ST)	State:	NSW	
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID	Opened:	01 Mar 1995	Current Status:	Still open
Latitude:	-29.7796	Longitude:	151.1121	Elevation:	582 m	Barometer Elev:	635.6 m	Metadata compiled:	27 JUL 2025

Observation summary

The table below indicates the approximate completeness of the record for individual element types within the Australian Data Archive for Meteorology. For elements not listed see the note below.

Completeness **DAILY DATA HOLDINGS** 100%



HOURLY DATA HOLDINGS - from 1 to 24 observations per day

	IIOCHEI DIII	TI IIOLLI (GE	5 - 11 OH1 1 to 24 ODSCI V	ations per aug		
OBSERVATION TYPE	FIRST MONTH	LAST MONTH	COMPLETENESS (% estimate)	FREQUENCY average daily	SINGLE DAYS MISSED	FULL MONTHS MISSED
AIR TEMPERATURE	MAR 1995	JUN 2025	99.3	2.9	25	0
1	1		1		2	
8 5 0	0		5 0		0 0	
DEW POINT	MAR 1995	JUN 2025	99.2	2.9	26	0
1	1		1		2	
8 5 0	0 0		5 0		0 0	
MEAN SEA LEVEL PRESSURE	MAR 1995	DEC 2002	99.3	4.0	14	0
1	1		1		2	
8 5 0	0 0		5 0		0 0	
SEA STATE	NOV 2018	NOV 2018	3.3	1.0	29	0
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0		2 0 0 0	
TOTAL CLOUD AMOUNT	MAR 1995	JUN 2025	99.1	2.9	29	0
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0		0 0 0	
WIND SPEED	MAR 1995	JUN 2025	99.1	2.9		0
1 8 5 0	1 9 0 0		1 9 5 0			



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THERE ARE NO RAINFALL INTENSITY DATA HOLDINGS

THERE ARE NO ONE-MINUTE DATA HOLDINGS

THERE ARE NO HALF-HOURLY DATA HOLDINGS

THERE ARE NO UPPER-AIR EDT DATA HOLDINGS

Holdings calculated up to 01 Jul 2025

The % complete figure is the completeness of observations averaged over all months of record, for the given station and observation type, taking gaps into account. For hourly holdings, the completeness is relative to the maximum number of daily observations for the site each month, and is therefore an estimate. For daily holdings, the completeness figure shown is exact.

The single days missed figure is the total number of days for which no observation was received, not including full missed months. The full months missed figure is the total of full month gaps over the period of record. Where an element is not included assumptions can generally be made about availability, and the list to use has been suggested below.

Unlisted element

Minimum air temperature

Wet bulb temperature

Soil temperature at 20, 50 & 100cm

Relative humidity

Minimum temp. of water in evaporimeter

Visual observations eg. weather, visibility

Sea related observations

Listed element to use

Maximum air temperature

Dew point

10cm soil temperature

Dew point

Evaporimeter - max water temp

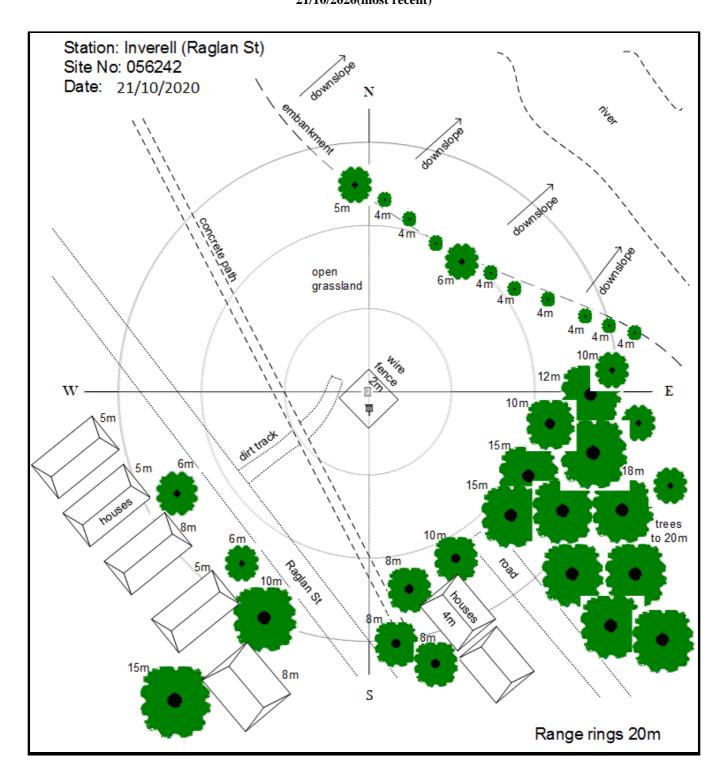
Total cloud amount

Sea state



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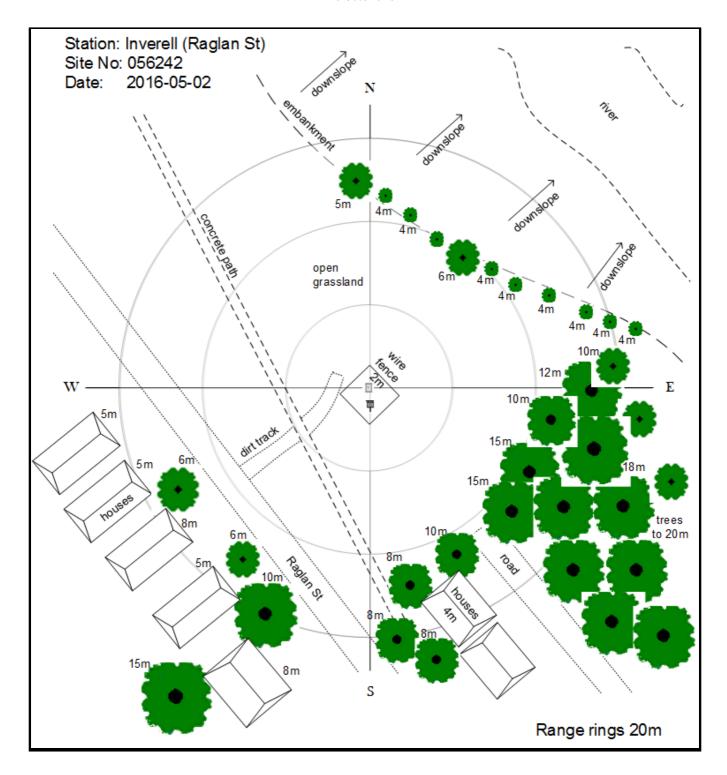
Instrument Location and Surrounding Features 21/10/2020(most recent)





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
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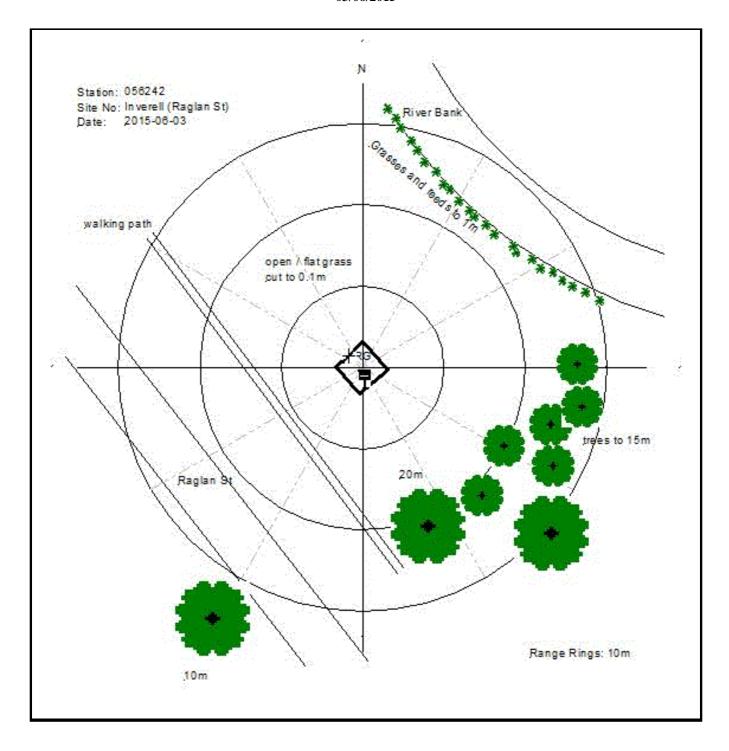
${\color{red} \textbf{Instrument Location and Surrounding Features} \atop {\color{gray}02/05/2016}}$





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID Opened: 01 Mar 1995			Current Status:	Still open
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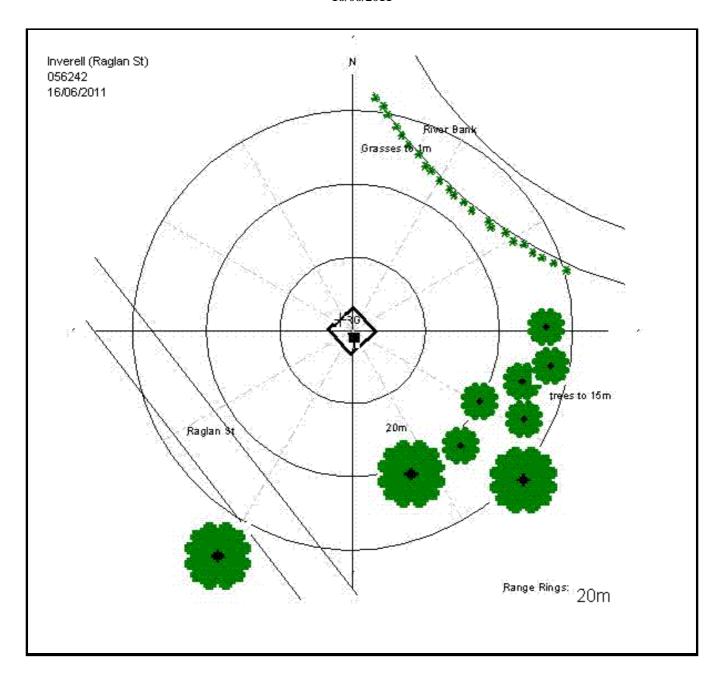
Instrument Location and Surrounding Features $_{03/06/2015}$





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	on: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID	Opened:	01 Mar 1995	Current Status:	Still open
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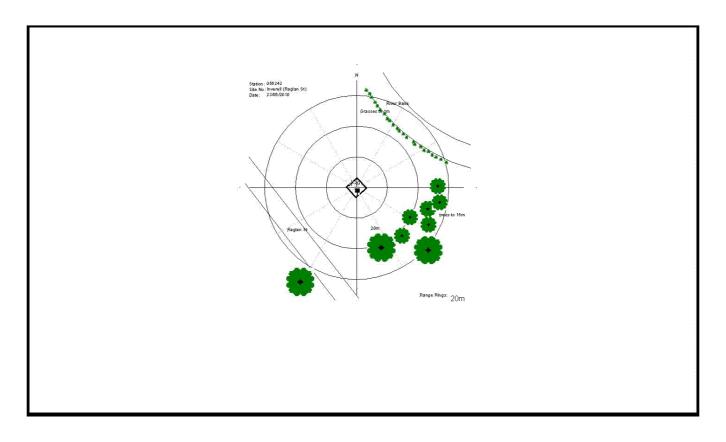
${\bf Instrument\ Location\ and\ Surrounding\ Features} \\ {\bf 16/06/2011}$





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	n: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID	Opened:	01 Mar 1995	Current Status:	Still open
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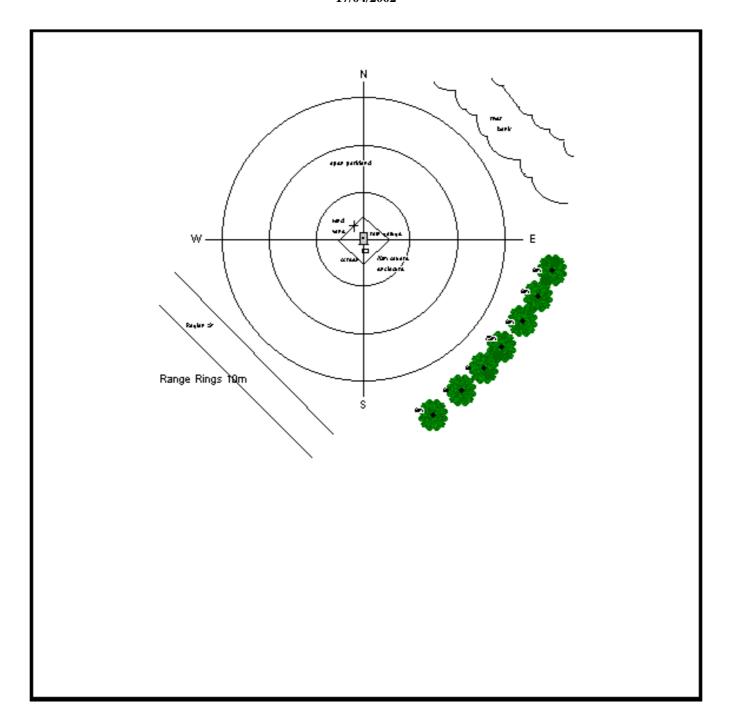
Instrument Location and Surrounding Features 23/06/2010





Station:	INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)		Location:	INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID	Opened:	01 Mar 1995	Current Status:	Still open
Latitude:	-29.7796	Longitude:	151.1121	Elevation:	582 m	Barometer Elev:	635.6 m	Metadata compiled:	27 JUL 2025

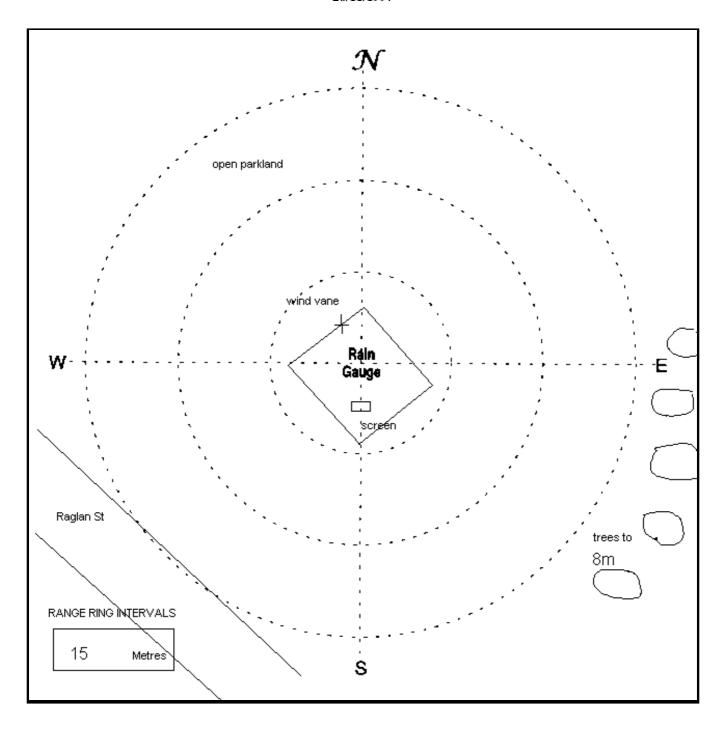
Instrument Location and Surrounding Features 17/04/2002





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	on: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
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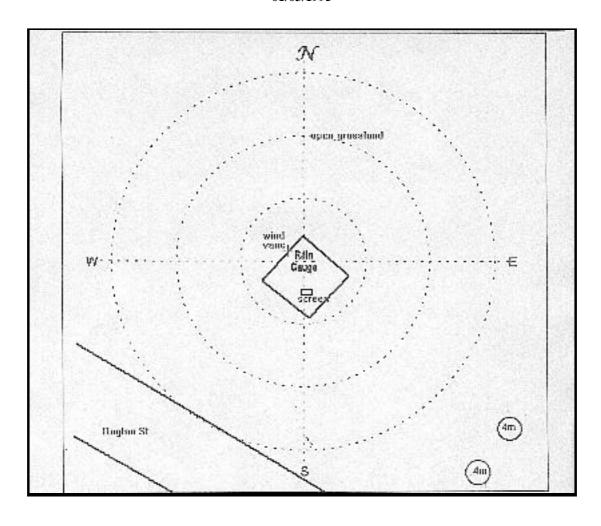
Instrument Location and Surrounding Features 26/11/1997





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	Opened: 01 Mar 1995			Current Status:	Still open
Latitude:	-29.7796	Longitude:	151.1121	Elevation:	582 m	Barometer Elev:	635.6 m	Metadata compiled:	27 JUL 2025

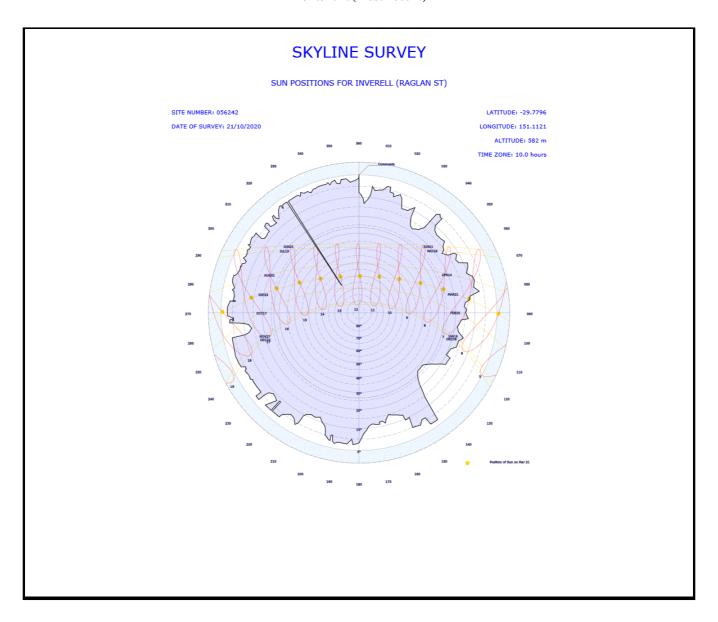
${\bf Instrument\ Location\ and\ Surrounding\ Features}\atop{{\color{blue}01/03/1995}}$





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
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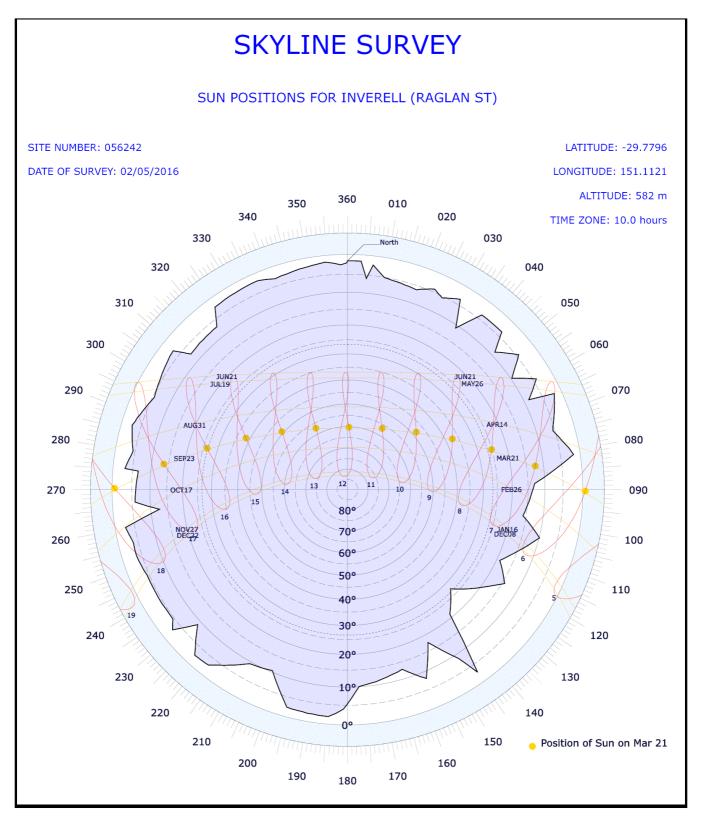
Skyline Diagram 21/10/2020(most recent)





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID Opened: 01 Mar 1995			Current Status:	Still open
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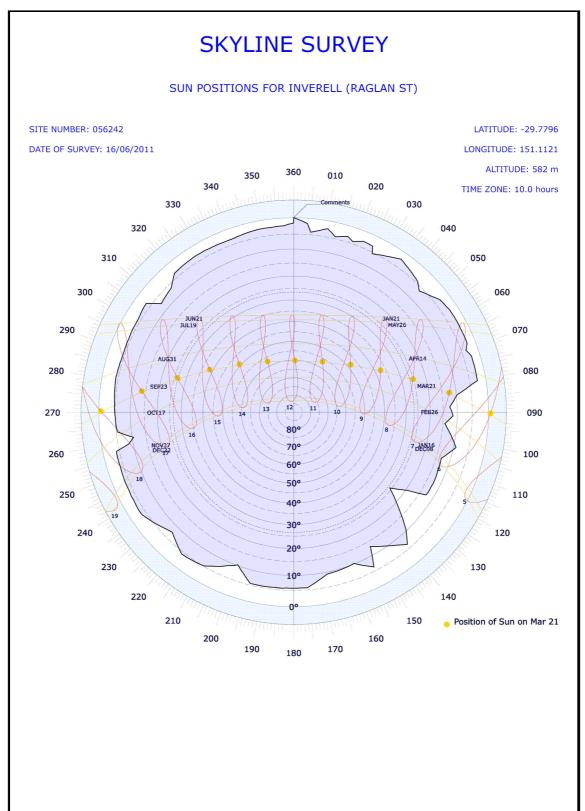
Skyline Diagram 02/05/2016





Station:	INVERELL (I	RAGLAN ST)		Location:	: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	Opened: 01 Mar 1995			Current Status:	Still open
Latitude:	-29.7796	Longitude:	151.1121	Elevation:	582 m	Barometer Elev:	635.6 m	Metadata compiled:	27 JUL 2025

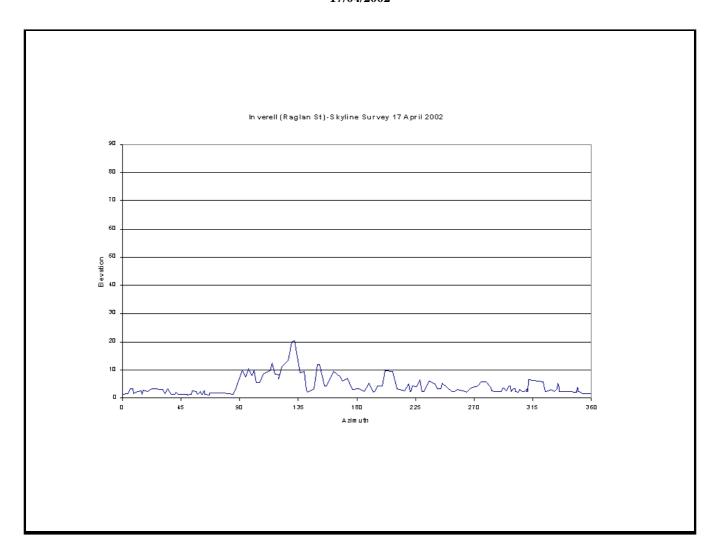
Skyline Diagram





Station:	INVERELL (I	INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			State:	NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID Opened: 01 Mar 1995			Current Status:	Still open
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Skyline Diagram 17/04/2002





Station:	tation: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			Location:	Location: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)				NSW
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	O: NO ID Opened: 01 Mar 1995			Current Status:	Still open
Latitude:	-29.7796	Longitude:	151.1121	Elevation:	582 m	Barometer Elev:	635.6 m	Metadata compiled:	27 JUL 2025

Station Observation Program Summary (Surface Observations) from 01/03/1995 to 16/03/2005

Current Observation	Continuous	Half Hourly	Hourly
Surface Observations	-	-	-

Current Observation	Program Type	12 AM	3 AM	6 AM	9 AM	12 PM	3 PM	6 AM	9 AM
Surface Observation	PERFORMED	-	Y	Y	Y	-	Y	-	-
Surface Observation	REPORTED	-	Y	Y	Y	-	Y	-	-
Surface Observation	SEASONAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Station Observation Program Summary (Surface Observations) from 16/03/2005 to 01/09/2012

Current Observation	Continuous	Half Hourly	Hourly
Surface Observations	-	-	-

Current Observation	Program Type	12 AM	3 AM	6 AM	9 AM	12 PM	3 PM	6 AM	9 AM
Surface Observation	PERFORMED	-	-	Y	Y	-	Y	-	-
Surface Observation	REPORTED	-	-	Y	Y	-	Y	-	-
Surface Observation	SEASONAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Station Observation Program Summary (Surface Observations) 27 JUL 2025 (most recent)

Current Observation	Continuous	Half Hourly	Hourly
Surface Observations	=	-	-

Current Observation	Program Type	12 AM	3 AM	6 AM	9 AM	12 PM	3 PM	6 AM	9 AM
Surface Observation	PERFORMED	-	-	-	Y	-	Y	-	-
Surface Observation	REPORTED	-	-	-	Y	-	Y	-	-
Surface Observation	SEASONAL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-



Station: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)			Location: INVERELL (RAGLAN ST)				State:	NSW	
Bureau No.:	056242	WMO No.:	95541	Aviation ID:	NO ID	Opened:	01 Mar 1995	Current Status:	Still open
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Station Equipment History

Equipment Install/Remove

Cloud Height (No Electronic History)

Humidity (No Electronic History)

Pressure Trend (No Electronic History)

Lightning (No Electronic History)

Sea Surface Temperature (No Electronic History)

Magnetic Bearing (No Electronic History)

Wind Direction

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Anemometer (Type Wind Vane S/N - NONE) Surface Observations

Wet Bulb Temperature

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Thermometer, Mercury, Wet Bulb (Type Dobbie S/N - M3016) Surface Observations

Solar Radiation (Long Wave) (No Electronic History)

Spectral Radiation (No Electronic History)

Maximum Temperature

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Thermometer, Mercury, Max (Type Dobbie S/N - 4967) Surface Observations

02/APR/2001 REPLACE Thermometer, Mercury, Max (Now Dobbie S/N - 18833) Surface Observations

Soil Temperature 10cm (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 20cm (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 50cm (No Electronic History)

Snow Height (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 100cm (No Electronic History)

Sunshine Hours (No Electronic History)

Wind Run (No Electronic History)

Minimum Temperature

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Thermometer, Alcohol, Min (Type Dobbie S/N - M6171) Surface Observations

21/NOV/2013 REPLACE - (jtaylor2) Thermometer, Alcohol, Min (Now Dobbie S/N - 19612) Surface Observations

18/JAN/2019 REPLACE Thermometer, Alcohol, Min (Now WIKA S/N - 31245) Surface Observations

27/JUN/2018 REPLACE Thermometer, Alcohol, Min (Now WIKA S/N - 32877) Surface Observations

18/SEP/2019 REPLACE Thermometer, Alcohol, Min (Now WIKA S/N - 33799) Surface Observations

Terrestial Minimum Temperature (No Electronic History)

Visibility (No Electronic History)

Soil Temperature 5cm (No Electronic History)

Sub Surface Temperature (No Electronic History)

Electrical Conductivity (No Electronic History)

Oxygen Content (No Electronic History)

RF Reflectivity (No Electronic History)

Total Column Ozone Amount (No Electronic History)

Pressure

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Barometer (Type Vaisala PA11 S/N - 307064) Surface Observations

17/DEC/2002 REMOVE Barometer (Type Vaisala PA11 S/N - 307078) Surface Observations

03/SEP/1996 REPLACE Barometer (Now Vaisala PA11 S/N - 307078) Surface Observations

14/SEP/1996 REPLACE Barometer (Now Vaisala PA11 S/N - 307078) Surface Observations

Evaporation (No Electronic History)

Rainfall



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Station Equipment History (continued)

Equipment Install/Remove(Continued)

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Raingauge (Type 203 mm (8in) - 200mm capacity S/N - NONE) Surface Observations

River Height (No Electronic History)

Solar Radiation (No Electronic History)

Solar Radiation (Direct) (No Electronic History)

Turbidity (No Electronic History)

Sea Water Level (No Electronic History)

Sea Water Temperature (No Electronic History)

Wind Speed

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Anemometer (Type Wind Vane S/N - NONE) Surface Observations

Air Temperature

01/MAR/1995 INSTALL Thermometer, Mercury, Dry Bulb (Type Dobbie S/N - M2877) Surface Observations

Surface Inclination (No Electronic History)

The following table summarises information on field performance checks available electronically over the period indicated. The number of instances an instrument was found to fail field performance checks should only be used as a guide. A system of data quality flags is implemented by the Bureau of Meteorology to indicate the data quality of an observation as determined by a mutli-stage quality control process.

Available Date Range	Element	Fail Field Performance Check		
01/MAR/1995 - 21/OCT/2020	Wind Direction	0		
01/MAR/1995 - 21/OCT/2020	Wet Bulb Temperature	0		
01/MAR/1995 - 21/OCT/2020	Maximum Temperature	0		
01/MAR/1995 - 21/OCT/2020	Minimum Temperature	1		
20/FEB/1996 - 27/AUG/2002	Pressure	0		
01/MAR/1995 - 21/OCT/2020	Rainfall	0		
01/MAR/1995 - 21/OCT/2020	Wind Speed	0		
01/MAR/1995 - 21/OCT/2020	Air Temperature	0		

Station Detail Changes

01/JUL/2011 CLASSIFICATION Australian Climate Observations Reference Network - Surface Air Temperature (ACORN-SAT)

26/FEB/2002 CLASSIFICATION CLIMAT Stations (CLC)

09/MAY/2006 CLASSIFICATION Category D (TAF D) ENDED 05-03-2015

28/MAY/1999 CLASSIFICATION GCOS Surface Network (GSN)

30/AUG/2021 CLASSIFICATION Mastered in EAMS (EAMS)

01/JUL/2017 CLASSIFICATION Observing Operations Hub - Brisbane (OOH-B)

01/DEC/1997 CLASSIFICATION Reference Climate Stations (RCS) ENDED 30-06-2011

01/JUL/2017 CLASSIFICATION SLS Flood forecasting priority †Medium (FWP-M)

17/APR/2002 OBJECT Document/Inverell (Raglan St)

02/MAY/2007 OBJECT Document/SKYLINE DATA

16/JUN/2011 OBJECT Document/SKYLINE DATA

21/OCT/2020 OBJECT Document/SKYLINE DATA

02/MAY/2016 OBJECT Document/SKYLINE DATA

01/MAP /1007 CTATION / 11 11) 0 1

01/MAR/1995 STATION - (nondb seeding) Opened



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Station Equipment History (continued)

System Changes

01/MAR/1995 SYSTEM Surface Observations Commenced

17/SEP/2019 STATION surface_type Changed to partly covered by grass 17/APR/2002 STATION surface_type Changed to partly covered by grass



The following notes have been compiled to assist with interpreting the metadata provided in this document. These notes are subject to change as the network evolves. Changes in station-specific metadata occur more frequently, both as recent changes are recorded and historical information is transferred from paper file to electronic database.

Reliability of the metadata

The Commonwealth Bureau of Meteorology maintains information on more than 20,000 stations which have operated since observations began in the mid 1800s. The amount of information available for each of these sites and its associated uncertainty are influenced by a number of factors including the type and purpose of the station and the time over which it operated.

Early information about stations was held only on paper file. In 1998 a corporate electronic database was established to help maintain information about the network and its components. The number of parameters recorded about a station is now much greater than before this database was established. The national database has also helped improve consistency in the metadata through the implementation of predefined fields. As a result, and through the refinement of operating procedures, station metadata recorded since 1998 are of a higher overall standard than previously, although occasional omissions and errors are still possible.

The Bureau is part way through a task of entering historical information held on paper file into the corporate database. Until this process is completed there will remain large gaps in the information contained in these metadata documents and considerable caution should be used when deriving conclusions from the metadata. As an example, two consecutive entries about a rain gauge dated 50 years apart may appear in the equipment metadata. This may either mean that nothing happened to that instrument over the 50 years, or that information for the intervening period has yet to be entered into the database. Similarly, if no information was available about instruments at a site when it was first established, fields which were required to have a value present may have used the earliest information available as a best-guess estimate. Sometimes this was the metadata current when the database was established in 1998. In some instances there may be gaps in metadata relevant to the post 1998 period.

For the above reasons it is recommended that all metadata prior to 1998 be considered as indicative only, and used with caution, unless it has been quality controlled. The Bureau of Meteorology should be contacted if further information or confirmation of the data is required. Depending on the nature of the inquiry there may be a fee associated with this request. Contact details are provided in the telephone book for each capital city or the Bureau's web site at: http://www.bom.gov.au

The following pages contain explanatory notes for selected terms found in this document.

Station Number

The Bureau of Meteorology station number uniquely specifies a station and is not intended to change over time time, although on very rare occasions a station number may change or be deleted from the record (usually to correct an error). Generally a new station number is established if an existing station changes in a way that would affect the climate data record for that site (measured in terms of air temperature and precipitation). Significant station moves are an example of this.

Some stations also possess a World Meteorological Organization (WMO) station number. The WMO number is different to the Bureau of Meteorology number. It also uniquely specifies a station at any given time but can be reassigned to another station if the new station takes priority in the global reporting network. Only selected stations will have a WMO number. Significant stations may maintain their WMO number for many decades.



Network Classification

SUPPORTING the BASIC CLIMATE SERVICE
Global Climate Observing System (GCOS)
GCOS Upper Air Network (GUAN)
GCOS Surface Network (GSN)
National Climate Network {not yet assigned}
Reference Climate Stations (RCS)
Regional Basic Climatological Network (RBCN)
CLIMAT Stations (CLC)
CLIMAT TEMP Stations (CLT)
SUPPORTING the NATIONAL WEATHER WATCH SYSTEM
WMO Global Observing System (GOS)
GOS Upper Air Network
GOS Satellite Network
Global Atmospheric Watch
Background Atmospheric Pollution Monitoring Network (BAPMON)
Basic Ozone Network
Basic Solar and Terrestrial Radiation Network
Regional Basic Synoptic Network (RBSN)
WMO Global Oceanic Observing System (GOOS)
SUPPORTING the BASIC WEATHER SERVICE (BWS)
BWS Land Network
Significant Land Locations
Capital City Mesonets
National Benchmark Network for Agrometeorology (NBNA)
BWS Marine Network
Significant Coastal Loactions
Open Ocean Network
BWS Upper Air Network
Major Significant Locations
BWS Remote Sensing Network
Weather Watch Radar Network
Fire Weather Wind Mesonets
High Resolution Satellite
SUPPORTING the BASIC HYDROLOGICAL SERVICE
Regional Flood Warning Network
Water Resources Assessment Network
Global Hydrological Network
Global Terrestrial Observing System (GTOS)
World Hydrological Cycle Observing System (WHYCOS)
National Hydrological Network

Networks of stations are defined for a variety of purposes (as defined in above table).



Network Classification Continued....

Stations may be included in several different networks, which may change over time. The table on the previous page lists current network classifications related to the scientific purpose of the network. Some of these networks - the GCOS network for instance - are components of a global network. Entries in the database for some networks may not be complete, thus not properly representing the status of the network. The composition of the network will usually change over time. While several of the networks have international significance, other network classifications have been developed to aid operational management.

Station Purpose

The station purpose can be classified according to the observation program listed below. Parameters in brackets list some of the various different configurations which occur.

- Synoptic [Seasonal, River Height, Climatological, Telegraphic Rain, Aeronautical, Upper Air]
- Climatological [Seasonal, Telegraphic Rain]
- Aeronautical
- Rainfall [River Height]
- · River Height
- Telegraphic Rain [Non-Telegraphic River Height, Telegraphic River Height]
- Non-Telegraphic Rain [Telegraphic River Height]
- Evaporation [Rainfall, River Height, Telegraphic River Height, Non-Telegraphic River Height, Telegraphic Rain, Non-Telegraphic Rain]
- Pluviograph [Rainfall, Telegraphic Rain, Non-Telegraphic Rain, River Height, Telegraphic River Height, Non-Telegraphic River Height]
- Radiation
- Lightning Flash Counter
- Public Information
- Local Conditions
- Radar Site
- · Unclassified
- No Routine Observations

Note: Telegraphic observations are those which are sent by some electronic means be it a phone or telegram to the responsible Bureau office. It is a term which is historically linked to analogue non automatic data transmission.

Station Observation Program Summary

Surface Observations

The following terms are used to describe the frequency of surface observations at a site. Historical observation programs will typically be missing for many sites until the database is backfilled with information.

Set a)

- Continuous Program
 - More than half hourly observations sent (eg an automatic weather station {AWS} which continuously transmits 10 minute observations). This will automatically include half hourly and hourly observations programs.
- Half hourly observations
 - · Half hourly observations sent. This will automatically include hourly observations.
- Hourly observations
 - · Hourly observations sent only. Stations report on non-synoptic hours (ie. 0100, 0200, 0400, 0500, etc)



Surface observations continued....

Set b)

- Performed
 - · Observations performed, instruments read and observations recorded
- Reported
 - · Observations performed, instruments read and reported real time
- Seasonal
 - The program may only be performed during a defined season (such as Fire Weather observations) or the routine program may increase in reporting frequency and/or parameters. The program dates are currently modified at the start and end of each season for stations performing seasonal observations. Historically this was not always the case.

Current Station Equipment Summary

Equipment listed in this metadata product is catalogued under one of systems listed below, appropriate to its application. The "Infrastructure" category has been included since it contains information about the mast height of an anemometer (if present).

- Flood Warning
- Infrastructure
- Radiation
- · Rainfall Intensity
- Surface Observations
- Upper Air
- Weather Watch {RADAR}

Station Equipment History

Equipment Install/Remove

One of four types of actions can be performed on an instrument in this listing:

Install - A new instrument is installed at the site. This can be either a completely new addition (eg the first barometer at the site), or the replacement of an existing instrument with a different type (eg replacing mercury barometer with electronic barometer)

Remove - An instrument can be removed either when it is no longer necessary to measure a particular element, or when the element is to be measured by an instrument of a different type (see under "Install" above)

Replace - This occurs when one instrument is replaced with another of the same type (eg Kew pattern mercury barometer replacing another Kew pattern mercury barometer)

Share - The same instrument is used for observations under two (or more) systems (eg a rain gauge may be used within both Surface Observations and Rainfall Intensity systems)

Unshare - The instrument is no longer shared between systems



Calibration

During a site inspection an instrument will be calibrated as either being within or not within the specified tolerance in accuracy.

Where a quantative calibration result can be achieved by comparison to a transfer standard (eg barometer comparisons and tipping bucket rain gauge calibrations), the instrument will be recorded as being within or outside the required tolerance. Instruments (such as 203mm rain gauges, screens and evaporation pans) where quantitative calibrations cannot be derived should be regarded as meeting specifications when the instrument is in 'good working order'.

This product provides a summary table of the number of times an instrument was found to be out of calibration

Station Detail Changes

This set of metadata indicates when some aspect of the general information about a station has changed.

- STATION

Metadata which are categorised as pertaining to STATION are items of (textual) information describing a specific attribute of the station. A reference to (nondB seeding) indicates initial information of this field has been sourced from a previous database.

Station position

- Latitude and longitude

Derivation of station latitude and longitude, defined by the location of the rain gauge when it is present, has changed over time. Current practice is to locate or verify open and operational station latitude and longitude based on Global Positioning System equipment. Methods used to locate a station as described in this product (latlon_deriv) are as follows: GPS, MAP 1:10000, MAP 1:2500, MAP 1:25000, MAP 1:50000, MAP 1:100000, MAP 1:250000, SURVEY, and Unknown (which is more commonly represented by a null value). The field latlon_error should be used with caution as the method of determining this value has been interpreted in different ways over time.

- Height

Determination of heights for observing sites is by survey where possible. Otherwise height may be determined using a Digital Aneroid Barometer and a known surveyed point, or derived from map contours. The source of height is provided in the corresponding parameter with a suffix of "_deriv".

Heights which may appear in these metadata are:

- aero_ht
 - The official elevation of the aerodrome which normally corresponds to the altitude of the highest threshold of the runways at that airport;
- bar ht
 - this represents the height of the mercury barometer cistern or the digital aneroid barometer above mean sea level (MSL);
- stn_ht
 - this normally represents the height of the rain gauge above MSL



- Land Use

To assist the long term understanding of climate change it is important to be able to determine the differences over time which are attributed to variations in the climate. Since land use has an effect on the micro climate around the site, and changes in land use will therefore affect the climate record, it is important that the characteristics of the site are monitored. Soil types are recorded as they affect the land use and also add to the knowledge of the site details.

Defined Land use Types.

- Non-vegetated (barren, desert)
- Coastal or Island
- Forest
- · Open farmland, grassland or tundra
- Small town, less than 1000 population
- Town 1000 to 10,000 population
- City area with buildings less than 10 metres (3 stories)
- City area with buildings greater than 10 metres (3 stories)
- Airport

The land use code is entered on the station inspection form in the ranges 0 to 100 m, 100 to 1 km and 1km to 10 km; ie:

• lu 0 100m: Land Use 0 to 100 metres from the enclosure

lu_100m_1km: Land Use 100 metres to 1 kilometre
 lu 1km 10km: Land Use 1 kilometre to 10 kilometres

Defined Soil Type (At Enclosure).

- unable to determine
- sand
- · black soil
- clav
- rock
- · red soil
- other

Surface Type (At Enclosure).

- unable to determine
- fully covered by grass
- mostly covered by grass
- partly covered by grass
- bare ground
- sand
- concrete
- asphalt
- rock
- other