Fire-atmosphere interactions in ACCESS-Fire

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Can we model these processes?

Mount Solitary prescribed burn
**Fire-Atmosphere Interactions**

Coupled fire atmosphere models have an atmospheric and fire component.

Investigate the interactions between a fire and the surrounding atmosphere.

ACCESS-Fire: Australia's research and operational weather and climate prediction model coupled to a fire-spread model.
Waroona fire

6-7 January 2016. 166 homes destroyed. 69,000 ha burnt. 2 fatalities

Four periods of extreme fire behavior
  2 pyrocumulonimbus events
  2 evening ember showers.

Fire behaviour did not reconcile with current risk measures
Sir Ivan fire

12 February 2017
Burnt 55,000ha, 55 homes lost
Very dry fuels due to severe drought
PyroCb with the wind shift in the afternoon
sirivan_run1 201702120701(UTC)
Fire prediction

2019-2020 season highlights future fire risk in a changing climate

International challenge

Demand for accurate and timely fire prediction and fire simulations

Community expectations – science that resonates
Badja fire

Overnight run 36 km. Deep flaming. Media reports of extreme fire behaviour and a tornadic vortex in the middle of the night.

Discrepancy between official forecast and available observations and the fire behaviour (10+ °C in T, 30% in RH and 25 km/h in WS)

Supplied video 23:30AEDT Monday, December 30, 2019 of the Badja Fire. (AAP Video/Supplied/NSW RFS)
Kangaroo Island fire

Fire run 3 January
Fire spread didn’t reconcile with surface winds

Credit: Koala photo Adelaide Now.
Fire Generated Vortices

Numerous fires produced fire generated vortices with tornado strength winds (300+ km/h)

Fire tornadoes (with pyroCb) in recent USA fires (several cases)

Can we identify favourable vortex environments?
Can we model them explicitly?
The real-time paradigm

Pattern recognition (conceptual models) and scientific evidence (computational model output)


People make decisions – not models. Decisions must be evidence based.
ACCESS-Fire – A new Australian coupled fire atmosphere modelling capability for fire meteorology research and prediction

Simulations enhance our scientific understanding

Fire impacts in a changing climate – robust, science based operational tools to inform warning messages and community response

Thank you